## Practice is Not Homework!! Making the most of your practice time.

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The Midwest Clinic 2006 Yamaha Performing Artist

- 1. Basic Concepts
  - a. variety and fun are the keys
  - b. you must feel successful after each session
  - c. the most difficult thing is getting started
  - d. practicing with a friend makes it go easier
  - e. it doesn't have to be perfect it's a process
  - f. a performance deadline adds priority
  - g. double the time you think you need
  - h. project yourself into a performance situation
  - i. it's not what you know, it's what the music conveys
  - j. what would your teacher/audience say
  - k. every session should have technique, reading, style and soloing
  - l. discovery is the best teacher but it takes time
  - m. set goals short term, long term keep a practice log – schedule your sessions structured and/or non-structured
  - n. you are in control/responsible for what you learn!!!!!!!

Many of the ideas given below can be used in other categories.

- 2. Tone Quality
  - a. record yourself
  - b. listen to professional performances
  - c. quality is always quality
  - d. build exercises that reinforce this basic concept
  - e. what other instrument could play your part
- 3. Rhythmic Accuracy
  - a. use a metronome GROOVE!
  - b. metronome on upbeats
  - c. play opposite rhythms
  - d. play the rhythm by itself complete values, say rests?
  - e. take out the embellishments
  - f. play to prerecorded music
  - g. add lyrics

- 4. Note Accuracy, Articulations, Bowing, Sticking
  - a. steps count, sing, finger, play
  - b. "post it note" technique
  - c. 5 x rule DRILL
  - d. identify the problems measures
  - e. make up variations
  - f. theory, analysis scales, sequences, chords
  - g. hear/play it as if you were singing it

## 5. Pitch

- a. use a tuner for every note mark your tendencies
- b. identify what part of the chord you have
- c. know your alternate fingerings
- d. play on piano
- e. play with other section leaders

## 6. Style, Dynamics, Phrasing, Tempo

- a. what is the mood/style how to establish it
- b. add a storyline cultural, historical
- c. point to what is written on the page while singing it
- d. identify phrases what makes them different
- e. identify intensity (1 to 10)
- f. accents are explosions, use them wisely
- g. adjust your dynamics to fit the ensemble that is playing
- h. change the style jazz, rock, waltz

## 7. Performance Issues

- a. start in different places recovery
- b. start at the end and work backwards consistency
- c. know the accompaniment fitting together
- d. know how to get on a off stage, bowing etiquette
- e. establish tempo, mood, 1st measure before you play
- f. practice with the clothes that you are going to wear
- g. visualize a perfect performance before going to sleep
- h. memorization theory, motion, dynamics
- i. your audience is with you
- j. there is no such thing as a perfect performance
- k. over-preparation provides confidence
- l. pre-performances