



School of Music

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BUILDING A BETTER BASSOONIST FUNDAMENTALS FOR SUCCESSFUL BASSOON PLAYING

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SOME PRINTED MATERIALS FOR BASSOON:

Weissenborn, Julius. <u>Method for Bassoon</u> (Cundy-Bettoney) 19th Cen. tutor that remains the standard course of study. This edition contains Weissenborn's Practical Studies (beg. material), his 50 Advanced Studies, Milde's Scale and Arpeggio Studies, plus additional material. This book is most effective when used with a teacher who is a bassoonist.

Polonchak, Richard. <u>Primary Handbook for Bassoo</u>n (Meredith Music Publications, Ft. Lauderdale, FL) Designed for

teachers of bassoon who are not bassoonists themselves. Spenser, William. <u>The Art of Bassoon Playing</u> (Summy-Birchard) Pence, Homer. <u>Teacher's Guide to the Bassoon</u> (Selmer Co.) Fox, Hugo. <u>Let's Play Bassoon</u> (Fox Products)

Fox, Hugo. Let's Play Bassoon (Fox Products) Durran, Daryl. Music 154 - Bassoon Methods (Available from author) Please duplicate the materials in this book!

Williams, Richard & Jeff King, et al. <u>The Complete Instrument</u> <u>Reference Guide for Band Director</u>s (Kjos) Includes accurate bassoon information.

Eubanks, Mark. <u>Reed Adjustment Brochure</u> and <u>Director Bassoon</u> <u>Clinic</u>. Two excellent and very inexpensive items available from Arundo Reed and Cane-http://home.earthlink.net/ arundo/

BASSOON REPAIR:

Peter Grenier (contrabassoonist, Dallas Symphony) 5721 Brookstone Drive Dallas, TX 75230-2615 (972)960-1286

Holden McAleer, Baltimore Woodwind Repair 4307 Harford Road Baltimore, MD 21214

Steve Nelson, Pro Winds 1400 East 3rd Street Bloomington, IN 47401 (800)789 - 8509Fox Products Corporation (Fox and Renard instruments only) P.O. Box 347 South Whitley, IN 46787 (260)723 - 4888BREATHING AND AIR USE 1. "Be the balloon," not the soda can! 2. Energy placed low in body. EMBOUCHURE AND VOICINGS 1. Embouchure Formation - whistling, "ew," silly smile, reed sits on lip cushion 2. Exercises for forward placement of vowels. "ah": Daws "ew": Dues Rickshas from Oz. To Much Booze Makes Draw the Saw. Makes You Snooze. "oe": Doze Do the Stew. "ee": Dees Roast Toast. Joe Blow. I Hate Mites to Pieces.

- She sees me.
- 3. Voicings for Registers of the Bassoon



Increased volume usually requires a more open version of the voicing or a lower voicing. Soft dynamics usually require a more closed version of the voicing or a higher voicing. Voicings from low to high are: ah, oe, ew, ee. *Note critical voicing change at register break.

- 4. Voicing Flexibility Exercises
 - a. Bocal Exercise:



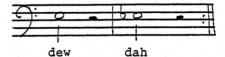
The "dew" pitch should be between C and C#. Intervals are relative to first pitch.

b. Bocal Exercise transferred to the Bassoon:



dew doe dew dee dew dew doe dew dee dew

c. Good E's/Bad E's:



Sound E-flat using the fingering for E natural.

d. "Saggy C" Exercise:



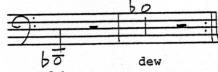
Sound B using the fingering for C. Regular fingering for the E.

e. Octave A's, B-flat's, B's, and C's:



Whisper key closed for both octaves. No flicking. Sustain the notes. Repeat each measure many times.

f. Harmonic B-flat:



dah

Sound the upper B-flat using the fingering for low B-flat.

PLAYING POSITION

COMMON FINGERING PROBLEMS

HALF-HOLE TECHNIQUE

- 1. Non-Bassoon Exercise "Scissors",
 - a. fingers straight
 - b. fingers curved
 - c. thumb against first two fingers
 - d. transfer to right forearm with right hand on shoulder
 - e. transfer to right forearm in "bassoon position"

2.



Use a mirror to observe finger movement. No break in sound before downward leap. Repeat each measure many times.

3.

ni C

whisper



No break in sound before downward leap. Play exercise in f# minor and A-flat major as well.

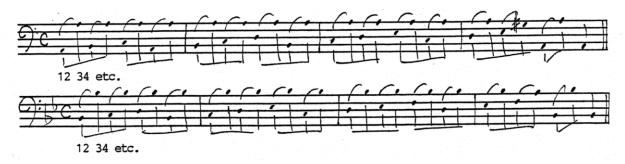
FLICKING TECHNIQUE



l=normal fingering, 2=lift and position thumb for flick, prepare voicing and air for upper octave, 3=flick,. flick key open, 4=lift thumb, maintain upper note, prepare thumb for 1. Repeat each measure many times.

Key: C C D(C)

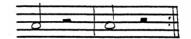
2. Weissenborn Etude



Play slowly, using both the even and uneven thumb rhythm.

ATTACK AND ARTICULATION EXERCISES:

1. Tongue On Tongue Off:



stop sound with tongue while maintaining air pressure. Listen for beginning and ending transients.

2. Attack and Release Exercises:



All with breath releases. Listen for beginning transients (without accents) and absence of ending transients.

3. Tone Distortion Exercise:



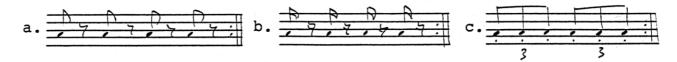
*Hold tongue against reed without stopping the sound. Minimize the tongue mass touching the reed and the pressure against the reed. MOVE ONLY THE TIP AREA OF THE TONGUE.

4. Legato Tonguing:



First note requires more tongue pressure than following notes. The tongue should NOT make contact with reed during outward bound motion. Again, move on the tip area of tongue.

5. Exercises for developing breath-release staccato:



Listen for beginning transients and absence of ending transients.

NOTES :